



REF A01

RESIDENTIAL SKYSCRAPER IN MUMBAI, INDIA – NATHANI HEIGHTS

PROJECT	AN ICONIC SKYSCRAPER- 262m TALL
LOCATION	Downtown Mumbai, India
CLIENT	Nathani Group, India
ENGINEER	Thornton Tomasetti
IMPLEMENTATION	2020



Applications Slab strengthening & Column Jacketing	
Design EOTA TR 069, EC2-1-1 & Hilti method	۶
Hardware HIT-RE 500	
Software PROFIS Engineering (Concrete-to-Concrete)	
Services Trainings to the design team, On-Site Testings	

CHALLENGES

- Addition of floors during construction
- Change of functionality of floor slabs
- Cost-effective solutions
- Code-compliant design
- Design efficiency and documentation

HILTI TOTAL SOLUTION

- ✓ Column jacketing using postinstalled rebars as per Eurocode and EOTA TR 069
- ✓ Concrete overlay using Hilti method of design
- ✓ Lesser embedment depth
- ✓ Design documentation from using PROFIS Engineering



LOAD / CONDITIONS:

Static / Less embedment depth

PROJECT HIGHLIGHT

Q Addition of new floors during construction and strengthening of columns and slabs



The requirement of adding additional floors to the existing Regular and dynamic meetings were conducted with Consideration of the correct value of sustained skyscraper occurred after permission to increase the Floor the Engineering & Design team of the skyscraper to Space Index (FSI) by the local government authority for further understand and emphasize compliant design development.

Also, the client decided to change the functionality of certain floors in the lower levels to cater to increased loads due to vehicle parking/movement usage.

Hence the objective was to have an optimized design of post- current practices and methodology were used to find installed rebars for the cross-section enhancement of existing columns (jacketing application), shear friction overlay of existing slabs (slab thickening application), and easy installation of the same within the time constraints

Application: Column Jacketing



DESIGN APPROACH

methods, Hilti gualified products for design and site requirements and documentation.

Gaps in design approaches and calculations were Simply supported connections - Hilti method was used spotted and, together with the design team code compliant solutions.

SOLUTION AND FINAL OUTCOME

load factor calculated as per EOTA TR 069 and relevant product ETA (Hilti's HIT-RE 500 has a higher value of the factor), helped the design team to arrive at efficient and optimized embedment depths

to take advantage of increased bond strength

Column strengthening - EOTA TR 069 design method

was used for anchorage of longitudinal rebars

Slab/Column strengthening - EC2-1-1 design method was used for shear-friction overlay application

Application: Slab strengthening



Installation specification

